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# HARDY FERNS

WILD  
AND  
ROCK GARDEN PLANTS

## EVERGREENS

### Hardy Plants

for better

### Homes and Gardens



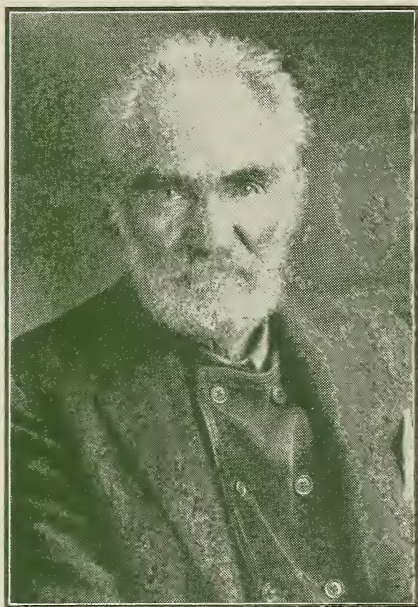
IT'S NOT A HOME UNTIL IT'S PLANTED

# 1930

Member A. A. N.

## FERNDALE NURSERY

ASKOV, MINNESOTA



LUDVIG MOSBÆK  
Founder of the Ferndale Nursery

# Greetings to Old and New Friends



WE WANT to thank you all for the splendid orders you sent us last season, and for all the good words spoken to your neighbors and friends about our service and quality.

Beautiful home surroundings are now considered as necessary as beautiful home furnishings. Let us help you furnish your outdoor living room. We have the hardy northern grown ferns, perennials and evergreens that will insure success.

Our springs come rather late compared with the conditions south. This is of great advantage to you as we can send you dormant plants when your season is quite advanced. We have fern roots in our storage cellar for winter shipment when Jack Frost reigns here and you already enjoy the sensation of spring; we can ship Ferns any time and we can keep on shipping Ferns, Perennials, Wild Flowers and Evergreens up to July 1st. Our spring comes approximately four weeks later than in Illinois.

### PACKING AND SHIPPING

Orders for Ferns alone will generally be shipped within 24 hours, while orders for other stock will require a little more time to assemble and pack.

Some varieties can only be safely shipped and transplanted at certain seasons. We book orders for such and ship at the proper time.

### QUALITY

Our Hardy Ferns are strong heavy roots or clumps, mostly five years old or over.

Our plants are all field grown and well developed; and are worth a great deal more than plants generally offered by mail order houses. If after receiving our goods, you are not satisfied with the quality of our plants, let us know immediately, and we will replace anything you say is not satisfactory, or return your money.

### TERMS OF PAYMENT

Customers unknown to us will please send cash with order.

### GUARANTEES

We guarantee all stock furnished by us to be first class and true to name.

However, there are so many causes for failure beyond our control, that we can assume no responsibility after stock is delivered. Poor soil, unfavorable weather conditions, ignorant or careless culture all contribute to failure and are beyond our control.

### RISK

All goods travel by purchaser's risk after they are delivered to the forwarding companies and we receive their receipt for the shipment in good condition. Claims for damage in transit must be filed with the forwarding agency on arrival.

### PRICES

Our prices are as low as quality and service will allow. Our old friends say they have gotten their money's worth. Prices in this list on Ferns and Perennials include packing and delivery at shipping point in Askov, for our shipping trade, ordered by mail, when cash accompanies order.

Plants selected personally in the Nursery are not governed by these prices. They will generally be 10 to 25% higher, to cover cost of service.

## HARDY OUTDOOR FERNS

Ferns planted among your shrubbery, in the perennial border, or in the foundation planting around your house, especially on the north and east side or under tall trees, bring to your home a fragrance from the wild woods, in some of nature's most beautiful creations. Plant in groups of at least 3 to 5 each of each variety, scattered at irregular distances.

## CULTURAL DIRECTIONS

These hardy outdoor Ferns do not make satisfactory house plants; they will do best in shade or half shady spots in the garden and mixed in between shrubs in foundation planting on the east and north sides of buildings. Some of these, like the Osmunda, Claytoniana, Lady and Sensitive Fern and Ostrich Fern will do reasonably well in considerable direct sunlight but will fade earlier than when planted in shade or half shade. They do best in light soil containing much vegetable matter or humus and covered with rotting wood shavings, peat or straw, which keep them from sprouting too early in the spring, preventing a late night frost from killing the young fronds.

Hardy Ferns should be planted when dormant any time between Sept. 1st and July 1st. They prefer a settled foundation and cool feet. If late spring planting is followed by a dry hot summer, the fronds are likely to dry up in the middle of the summer the first season.

On arrival it will do them good, especially in the spring, to dump them in a pail of water for a day or more before planting. Plant crown level with the ground and give them a good soaking of water to settle the soil solidly among the roots. Then level off with dry soil or sand and mulch to preserve moisture and keep sun and wind out. One or two good soakings of water later will benefit but is not necessary, unless in a very dry season. Do not sprinkle, a light watering will do more harm than good.



Frost will not hurt the roots, but will kill the fronds. They will come back either the same or next season. Neither will frost hurt the roots in transit; they can safely be shipped during the winter and if frozen on arrival, unpack and lay them on the ground in a shady place and cover with any kind of damp material and let them freeze. They will keep well until you are ready to plant.

Of all the Hardy Ferns the Ostrich Plume, also called the Palm of the North, is perhaps the best as it grows the tallest and fastest of any Fern. It often has as many as fifteen fronds gracefully arranged, presenting an object more beautiful than many varieties of palms. The fronds, under favorable conditions, attain a length up to 4 feet.

Lady Fern. (*Asplenium Fæmina*). A large handsome Fern—a wood and roadside Fern presenting many varying forms, is of a distinct different type from the Ostrich.

The *Osmunda Claytoniana* or flowering Fern is clothed with loose wool when unfolding its fronds, which sometimes under favorable conditions attain a height of more than four feet; is beautifully cinnamon colored. This variety will also do well in the open or dry shady places.

These three Ferns represent three distinct different types. They are easy to establish, and will come back stronger year after year. They will grow in common garden soil, which can be improved by addition of some leaf mold, muck, or pulverized peat. After planting, and every fall give a mulch of leaves, straw, or anything to keep them from sprouting too early in the spring and to prevent young fronds from being nipped by a late frost. The mulch will also help to preserve moisture.

## A Fern Bed for Only \$5.00

### COLLECTIONS OF HARDY FERNS

These collections are recommended for special conditions as stated below. We offer these collections for \$5.00 each parcel post prepaid, or one-half for \$3.00.

By express not prepaid, each collection \$4.00, or any one-half \$2.25.

You can order by number and say one or one-half collection and we will make no mistake.

We have these Ferns dormant almost up to July 1st.

No. 1.—General collection of the three varieties that have given universal satisfaction under all conditions anywhere, 8 Ostrich Plume, 4 *Osmunda Claytoniana*, 10 Lady Ferns.



Hardy Ferns in Foundation Planting.

**No. 1-A.**—General collection that perhaps will give better satisfaction than No. 1 in that it includes 4 Evergreen Ferns, the fronds of which keep green all winter, 8 Ostrich Plume, 8 Lady Ferns, 4 Evergreen Ferns, and 4 Sensitive Ferns.

**No. 2.**—Special for dry shady places. 8 Lady Ferns, 6 Hayscented, 6 Leathery Wood Ferns, 4 Interrupted Ferns.

**No. 3.**—For moist shady places, 4 Maidenhair, 8 Evergreen Ferns, 4 Ostrich Plume, 4 Cinnamon, 4 Lady Ferns.

**No. 4.**—For wet ground. 8 Sensitive Ferns, 6 Royal Ferns, 4 Clinton's Wood Fern, 4 Marsh Shield Ferns.

We shall be pleased to quote you special prices in lots of one hundred, one thousand, and ten thousand—not prepaid.

The average height they will attain is indicated below.

One hundred or more, not less than 10 of any variety, your selection, 10% less than 10 rate.

**Books on Ferns, see page 30.**

**American Maidenhair.** (*Adiantum pedatum*).

—RS—The black wiry creeping roots lie right at the surface. They branch freely if the roots are lightly covered with leafmold or pulverized peat. The plants should be kept fairly moist, at least the first year. They are at home in shade, on a rocky hillside. Each 25c, 3 for 60c, 10 for \$1.50. Prepaid, each 40c, 3 for \$1.00, 10 for \$2.50.

**Christmas Fern.** (*Polystichum acrosticoides*).

—RS—The fronds grow from 12 to 30 inches tall. It is indifferent as to soil, either moist or dry. Prefers shade. Plant the crown just at the surface. Each 25c, 3 for 60c, 10 for \$1.50. Prepaid, each 40c, 3 for \$1.00, 10 for \$2.50.

**Cinnamon Fern.** (*Osmunda cinnamomea*).

—M—A large Fern, growing in a crown 2—5 ft. high, 8 inches wide. Beautiful cinnamon-colored leaves. This will thrive in quite wet soil, or moist shady places. Also in peat or common garden soil. Each 25c, 3 for 70c, 10 for \$2.00. Prepaid, each 40c, 3 for \$1.00, 10 for \$3.00.

**Clinton's Wood Fern.** (*Dryopteris clintoniana*).

—MS—A large Fern of Christatum, attains a height of two feet or more when grown in moist rich places. To produce massed effect it should be planted a foot apart, the crowns level with the surface. Each 25c, 3 for 60c, 10 for \$1.50. Prepaid, each 40c, 3 for \$1.00, 10 for \$2.50.

**Crested Wood Fern.** (*Dryopteris cristata*).

—MBS—Grows wild in rather wet, shady places. Fronds are 10—15 inches, generally keeping green all winter. It is easily grown; the crown should be planted just above the surface. Each 25c, 3 for 60c, 10 for \$1.50. Prepaid, each 40c, 3 for \$1.00, 10 for \$2.50.

**Hayscented Fern.** (*Dennstedtia punctilobula*).

—R—12—18 in. high. Will grow in sun or shade if planted in rich porous soil, 8 inches apart. It will soon form a compact mass or border along the walk. Each 25c, 3 for 60c, 10 for \$1.50. Prepaid, each 40c, 3 for \$1.00, 10 for \$2.50.

**Interrupted or Flowering Fern.** (*Osmunda claytoniana*).

—ROS—Unlike the other Osmundas, it prefers a moderately or even dry thicket clad hill, in deep ravines and stony places generally, even in the open sun. It is popular for porch and foundation planting. It will grow where most other varieties will not thrive. Each 25c, 3 for 70c, 10 for \$2.00. Prepaid, each 40c, 3 for \$1.00, 10 for \$3.00.

**Lady Fern.** (*Athyrium filix faemina*).

—ROS—A large, handsome Fern, standing from one to three feet in height. A wood and roadside Fern, doing well in all parts of the country and presenting many varying forms. Plant in the sun or shade with the crown just below the surface. Each 25c, 3 for 60c, 10 for \$1.50. Prepaid, each 40c, 3 for \$1.00, 10 for \$2.50.

**Leather Wood Fern.** (*Dryopteris marginale*).

- RS—The principal cultural requisite is shade. It even does well in the pine and hemlock groves or rocky hillsides. The leathery fronds are a dark blue-green color, 12 to 30 inches. Its natural associates are Hepatica, Jack in the Pulpit, Wood Anemone, and even the yellow Lady Slipper. Each 25c, 3 for 60c, 10 for \$1.50. Prepaid, each 40c, 3 for \$1.00, 10 for \$2.50.

**Marsh Fern.** (*Dryopteris thelypteris*).

- M—Marsh Fern seems to flourish in either sub-acid or neutral soil and is also indifferent as regards sun or shade. It looks most natural with such neighbors as Iris Versicolor and Gentiana Andrewsie. The roots should be covered with not more than half an inch of rich leaf mold, compost, muck, or pulverized peat. Each 25c, 3 for 60c, 10 for \$1.50. Prepaid, each 40c, 3 for \$1.00, 10 for \$2.50.

**Ostrich Plume Fern.** (*Pteris nodulosa*).

- RS—Grows from a crown with fronds from 3 to 5 feet by 6—10 inches wide. A very erect handsome species, graceful as a palm. One of the most satisfactory for the amateur, always giving satisfaction in the open or shaded nook. Use leaf mold or well rotted peat and it will multiply by underground runners, especially so in moist, sandy or peat soil. Plant the crown level with the surface and mulch in winter. This magnificent plant luxuriates in soil subject to an annual overflow. Its vase-like masses of foliage suggests the Cinnamon Fern, but the fertile fronds are dark green and it is also the tallest of our Ferns and should be planted well back among the shrubbery. Each 25c, 3 for 70c, 10 for \$2.00. Prepaid, each 40c, 3 for \$1.00, 10 for \$3.00.

**Polypodium Common.** (*Polypodium vulgare*).

- R—Fronds four to eight inches, forming a dense mass clinging to rocks and boulders on steep hillsides. Each 25c, 3 for 60c, 10 for \$1.50. Prepaid, each 35c, 3 for 90c, 10 for \$2.25.

**Royal Fern.** (*Osmunda regalis*).

- M—Pale green fronds, 2—3 feet. It can be grown in still water, 2—3 inches deep. Each 25c, 3 for 70c, 10 for \$2.00. Prepaid, each 40c, 3 for \$1.00, 10 for \$3.00.

**Sensitive Fern.** (*Onoclea sensibilis*).

- RMO—Grows from 6 to 36 inches high, according to moisture, doing its best in rather wet localities. Grows in sun or shade, and multiplies by underground runners. Plant 12 inches apart, cover crown with one-half inch of soil. Each 25c, 3 for 60c, 10 for \$1.50. Prepaid, each 40c, 3 for \$1.00 10 for \$2.50.

**Toothed Wood Fern.** (*Dryopteris spinulosa*).

- M—Evergreen fronds one to three feet tall. Plant crown level with surface. Each 25c, 3 for 60c, 10 for \$1.50. Prepaid, each 40c, 3 for \$1.00, 10 for \$2.50.

**Walking Leaf.** (*Camptosorus rhizophyllus*).

- R—A little low, creeping Fern with evergreen fronds, 4 to 9 inches long. Interesting and quite easy to grow in the rock garden. Each 25c, 3 for 60c, 10 for \$1.50. Prepaid, each 35c, 3 for 90c, 10 for \$2.25.

**Winged Wood Fern.** (*Dryopteris hexagonoptera*).

- RSM—A very fine little Fern for moist and dense shady places where it will spread, fronds from 3 to 4 inches. Each 25c, 3 for 60c, 10 for \$1.50. Prepaid, each 35c, 3 for 90c, 10 for \$2.25.





# Rock Garden Plants

## Wild and Perennial Plants

### HOW TO SELECT PLANTS FOR SPECIAL PLACES

Plants which will do best or well in shade or half shade, in a little nook by the porch, shut away from sunlight, on the north side of the house, among the larger shrubbery in the border, are marked with the letter (S).

Plants specially adaptable for rockeries are marked (R).

Plants that prefer open sunny situations are marked (O).

Plants which prefer plenty of moisture are marked (M).

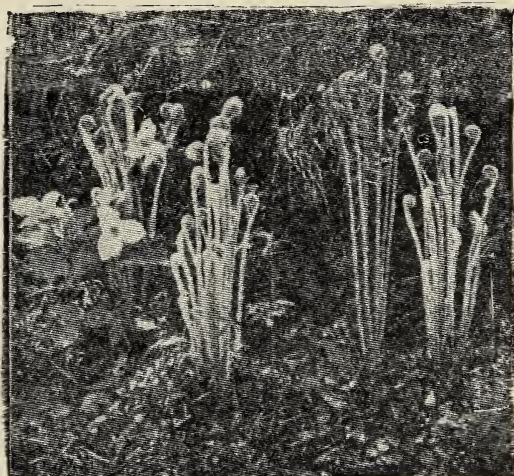
Plants specially adapted for the border are marked (B).

Plants that are of a spreading or trailing habit are marked (T).

Plants specially adapted for cut flowers are marked (C).

Plants specially adapted for wall gardens are marked (W).

**New Varieties.** You will find 50 varieties not listed before; they have come from all parts of the world and are looking for a permanent home.



Unfolding of the Osmundas.

	Each	3	10	100
<i>Acanthus latifolius</i> , 3 ft., handsome plant, broad deeply cut leaves, beautiful for solitary planting or with other plants	\$.35	\$.85	\$2.50	\$10.00
<b>Achillea.</b> (Milfoil or Yarrow).				
— <i>R—ageratoides</i> . A pretty alpine of compact habit, yellow, sweet scented	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>filapendula</i> . This fine plant from the Caspian sea grows 2—3 ft. high, bright yellow flowers, flat heads and with lacelike foliage. Useful among shrubbery, evergreens or back border	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>millifolium alba</i> . Pleasantly aromatic, white flowers in clusters. 1—2 ft. high. June—Oct.	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>millifolium roseum</i> . Rosy pink flowers in dense heads, 18 in., July—Oct.	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>filapendula</i> . Parker's variety, yellow, 4—5 ft.	.25	.60	1.50	12.00

	Each	3	10	100
—Perry's white. 1—2 ft. Large pure white flowers, broad overlapping petals. Best yet for cutting----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—C—ptarmica. (The Pearl). Pure white double flowers, all summer, excellent for cut flowers. 2—3 ft.---	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—B—boule de neige. More compact than the Pearl. 2 ft. Excellent for the border -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—R—tomentosum. 6—8 in. Bright yellow, July—Sept. Excellent for rockeries -----	.30	.75		
<b>Aconitum.</b> (Monkshood).				
—B—fisheri. This is the hardiest and most useful of the aconites. 18 in. Sept.—Oct. -----	.30	.75		
<b>Actea.</b> (Baneberry).				
—RS—alba. Long spikes of clear white flowers and berries. 12—18 in., in May—June. Fine for rockery and shaded woodland -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—RS—rubra. Red form of the above -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Acorns calamus.</b> (Sweet Flag).				
—M—Sword shaped, erect. Thrives best in moist soil or shallow water -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Adam's Needle.</b> —See Yucca.				
<b>Agathaea coelestis.</b> (Blue Daisy).				
—Sky blue flowers with yellow disks. Useful for borders, bedding and for pot plants -----	.35	.85	2.50	18.00
<b>Ageratum hardy.</b> —See Eupatorium.				
<b>Agrostemma.</b> (Rose Champion). Stout erect growing plants with silvery foliage which makes a wonderful contrast for showy flowers in June and July.				
—atrosanguinaria. Blood red -----	.35	.85	2.50	18.00
—coronaria. Mullein pink. 2 ft. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—flos jovis. A pink variety of the above -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Alaska shasta daisy.</b> —See Chrysanthemum.				
<b>Alpine Fesque Grass.</b> See Festiva.				
<b>Alpine Poppy.</b> —See Papaver.				
<b>Alpine wallflower.</b> —See Cherianthus.				
<b>Alumroot.</b> —See Heuchera.				
<b>Allyssum.</b> (Rock Madworth).				
—Very popular early flowering perennial thriving best in the sunny border as well as in a dry wall or rock garden.				
—RW—rostratum. 16 in., prostrate, hoary gray all over. Flowers pale yellow in unbranched heads -----	.35	.85	2.50	18.00
—RB—saxatile compacta. Broad masses of bright yellow flowers in spring, 1 ft., excellent for rockeries or border -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Anchusa italica.</b> (Bugloss).				
—R—For a mass effect of brilliant blue the anchusa is unsurpassed. The blooming season can be extended several weeks by cutting the spikes as soon as flowers fade, preventing seeding. 4—5 ft. -----	.25	.65	2.00	
<b>Anemone canadense.</b> (Meadow Anemone).				
—R—Syn. Anemone pennsylvanica. Large white flowers in May—June. 12—18 in. Plant in moist sunny place -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—R—patens. (Pasque Flower). A silky haired plant, with pale violet flowers in May. A native of Minnesota, very rare -----	.50	1.25	4.00	
—RB—pullsatilla. Flowers vary from lilac to purple, an interesting plant for the rockery or well drained border. 1 ft. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—R—St. Brigids. Hybrid anemone in brilliant colors--	.25	.65	2.00	
<b>Anthemis tinctoria.</b> (Kelways).				
—C—Finely cut foliage, large golden yellow flowers all summer -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00

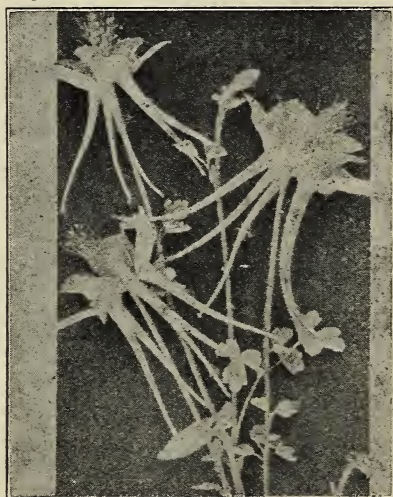
	Each	3	10	100
<b>Aquilegia.</b> (Columbine).				
—R—alpina. Blue alpine columbine	.30	.75	2.00	
—RC—canadensis. Red and yellow	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—RC—chrysantha. Golden yellow	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—RC—coerulea. Blue shades	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—CB—Glandulosa major. Deep blue and white	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—CB—long spurred hybrids. Mrs. Scott Elliott's hybrids.				
There is not a better mixture grown in the world.				
Wonderful colors with very long spurred flowers	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—CB—nivea grandiflora. White	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—CB—Rocky Mountain Columbine	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—CB—Rose Queen. Pink shades	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—skinneri. (Mexican Columbine). 2—3 ft., large scarlet and yellow flowers	.35	.85	2.50	18.00
—CB—White Queen	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Arabis alpina.</b> (Alpine Rockcress).				
—R—Pure white flowers in dense masses, very good for rock gardens	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Arbutus.</b> —See Epigea.				
<b>Arctostaphylos uva-ursi.</b> (Bearberry).				
—R—A trailing hillside plant of a shrubby nature. The leaves thick, dark evergreen, the flowers white or rarely pinkish white, are bell or vase shaped, borne in terminal clusters. The berry is large bright red. Good for ground cover or rock garden. Large clumps in burlap	.75	2.00	6.50	
<b>Arisaema triphyllum.</b> (Jack in the Pulpit).				
—RS—Plant in shade	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Armeria.</b> Attractive dwarf plants that will succeed in any soil, forming evergreen tufts of bright green foliage, flowers in dense heads on stiff wiry stems. Flowers practically all summer till late fall. Useful in rockeries and borders.				
—RW—alpina. Purple flowers in July	.35	.85	2.60	18.00
—formosa. (Sea Pink). Globular pink flowers. 10 in. Bloom all summer	.30	.65	2.00	
—RW—lauchiana. 3—6 in. Bright rosy red	.35	.85	2.50	18.00
—RW—maritima. 3—6 in. White, tufts of deep green foliage	.35	.85	2.50	18.00
<b>Artemisia.</b> (Wormwood).				
—RO—frigida. Silver Sage. There is no more beautiful silver foliaged rock garden plant than this	.35	.80	2.00	
—CB—lactiflora. A tall plant of fine foliage and heads of small white flowers in Aug. and Sept., very fragrant	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—R—Silver King. 3 ft., a very striking white leaved contrast plant, a beautiful mist for setting off bouquets, a plant of rare beauty for landscape effect, from early summer until late winter	.35	.85	2.50	18.00
<b>Arenaria montana.</b> (Montana Sandworth).				
—R—Close tufts profusely covered with small silvery white flowers, excellent for rockery in sunny places	.35	1.00		
<b>Asarum canadensis.</b> (Wild Ginger).				
—RS—Plant in the shady corner with ferns	.15	.40	1.00	8.00
<b>Asclepias tuberosa.</b> (Butterfly Weed).				
—B—1 ft. high with large heads of orange flowers	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Asperula hexaphylla.</b> 3 ft., delicate misty spray, wonderful with sweet peas and any other cut flowers	.35	.85	2.50	18.00
—RS—odorata. (Sweet Woodruff). 5—8 in. Fine scented snow white flowers in May. Excellent for carpeting shady places	.35	1.00	3.00	



Aster.	Bach	3	10	100
—R—acris. Small light blue flowers in Sept., 2 ft. ----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—BC—abendroth. Deep rose. 5 ft. ----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—R—alpina alba white. 3—10 in. ----	.35	.85	2.50	18.00
—cordifolia. 1—2 ft. Pale blue flowers in fall ----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—erica. A beautiful clear pink ----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—feltham. Anilene blue ----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—R—mauve cushion. (Japanese Hardy Aster). Forms a circular cushion-like plant 2½ in. across. 9 in. high, flowers of delicate mauve with silvery white reflexes in lavish profusion ----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—Mrs. Raynor. The nearest red of all hardy asters ----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—CB—nova anglia. Clear purple ----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—nova belgii. Rosy red ----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—CB—St. Egwin. Rosy pink ----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—subcoerulea. Blue. 15 in., forms a dense tuft of leaves massive bluish violet flowers ----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—tartarica. Bluish purple, late bloomers ----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—CB—White Queen ----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
Baby's Breath.—See Gypsophila.				
Bellis perrenis, fl. pl. (Double English Daisies).				
—R—6—8 in., double white or double pink, separate or mixed ----			.50	4.00
Balloon Flower.—See Platycodon.				
Baneberry.—See Actea.				
Baptisia australis. (Blue Wild Indigo).				
—R—Dark blue pear shaped flowers in June ----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00



Arisaema Triphyllum.



Aquilegia Long Spurred.

Bearberry.—See Arctostaphylos. Ground cover. Red berries.

Beebalm.—See Monarda.

Bellflower.—See Campanula.

Bishop's Cap.—See Mitchellia.

Blanket Flower.—See Gaillardia.

Blazing Star.—See Liatris.



**Blackeyed Susan.**—See Rudbeckia.

**Bleeding Heart.**—See Dielytra.

**Bloodroot.**—See Sanguinaria.

**Blueflag.** See Iris.

**Blue Eyed Grass.**—See sissyrinchium.

**Blue Wild Indigo.**—See Baptisia.

**Bluebells.**—See Mertensia.

**Butterfly Weed.**—See Asclepias.

**Bugloss.**—See Anchusa.

**Bocconia cordata japonica.** (Plume Poppy). Each 3 10 100

—B—A noble hardy perennial, beautiful in foliage and flower. Will grow in any soil and situation. Flowers cream white in terminal panicles. July—Aug. ---- .25 .60 1.50 12.00

**Boltonia asteroides.**

—CB—Large, single white aster-like flowers in summer and fall ----- .25 .60 1.50 12.00

—CB—latisquama. Pink with violet. 4—5 ft. ----- .25 .60 1.50 12.00

**Boneset.**—See Eupatorium.

**Bouncing Bet.**—See Saponaria.

**Boutelone olygostachia.** (Mesquit Grass).

—RO—Forms splendid clumps of curly leaves and dainty little sails on hairlike stems. 5—8 in. Fine for dry ledge - - - - - .30 .70

**Bugbane.**—See Cimicifuga.

**Buttercup.**—See Ranunculus.

**Calirhoe involucrata.** (Poppy Mallow).

—RT—An elegant trailing plant to drop over rocks and boulders. Flowers bright rosy crimson with white center, all summer ----- .40 .75 2.00

**Caltha palustris.** (Marsh Marigold). Yellow flowers, April.

—M—A very showy plant in wet places, both sun and shade - - - - - .25 .60 1.50 12.00

**Bulbs, hardy and suitable for Rock Gardens and naturalization in woodlands.** These must be planted in the fall. Orders will be booked for shipment in September and October only. Not less than ten of any variety sold.

----- 10 100 1,000

—R—Crocus. Dutch imported, blue, purple, white, yellow, separate or mixed ----- .60 5.00 40.00

—R—Chionodoza sardensis. Glory of the Snow. The first blue in early spring ----- .60 5.00 40.00

—R—Eranthis hyemalis. Winter aconite, pure yellow, prefer moist shade ----- .60 4.50 35.00

—R—Fritillaria meleagris. Checkered Lily. Queer and quaint nodding bellflowers ----- .80 7.00 60.00

—R—Galanthis. Snowdrops. Plant in sun or shade ---- .60 5.00 40.00

—leucojum vernum. Snowflakes. Bloom in March and April - - - - - 1.25 10.00 90.00

—R—muscaria botryoides. Grape Hyacinth, blue, ----- .60 4.60 35.00

—R—scillas siberica. Siberian Squill or Bluebells, hardy and fine for naturalizing ----- .80 7.00 60.00

**Calamintha alpina.** Each 3 10 100

—R—A very graceful little 6 in. rock plant with rich purple flowers ----- .50

**Calopogon pulchellus.** Grass pink orchid. Is exquisite, with a loose raceme of four to twelve delicate pink flowers, 6—15 in. June—July ----- .30 .75 2.00 15.00

**Campanula.** (Bellflower).

—calycanthema. (Cup and Saucer). Large, semi-double flowers resembling a cup and saucer, blue, rose and white, separate ----- .25 .60 1.50 12.00

	Each	3	10	100
—R—carpatica. (C. Harebell). A pretty species, growing compact tufts not over 8 in. high, edging, blue and white, June—Oct. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—medium. Canterbury Bell. Double blue and white, separate or mixed -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—persicifolia. Blue and white, separate or mixed -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—RO—rotundifolia. (Harebell or Bluebells of Scotland). Clear blue flowers, 10 in. June—July. Specially suited for crevices or steep slopes in the rock garden -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—turbinata. A beautiful new variety forming close mats of foliage, bearing large cup shaped flowers of blue -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Candytuft.</b> —See <i>Iberis</i> .				
<b>Canterbury Bells.</b> —See <i>Campanula</i> .				
<b>Cardinal Flower.</b> —See <i>Lobelia</i> .				
<b>Catch Fly.</b> —See <i>Silene</i> .				
<b>Centaurea montana.</b> (Mountain bluet.). -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—RB—2 ft., blue. July -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Cerastium Tomentosum.</b> (Snow in Summer). -----				
—ROS—Creeping, silver-white foliage. Flowers snow white. 4—8 in. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Cheranthus allioni.</b> (Wallflower). -----				
—RB—Dazzling orange flowers -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—R—linifolius. (Alpine Wallflower). Wallflower-like blossoms of an uncommon lilac shade -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Chelone barbata.</b> (Turtlehead). -----				
—R—coccinea. Scarlet beauty -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—glabra. Terminal spikes of creamy white flowers -----	.50			
<b>Chinese Lantern.</b> —See <i>Physalis</i> .				
<b>Chrysanthemum koreansis.</b> -----				
—CB—A remarkable new perennial from Korea of iron-clad hardiness. Large white flowers with golden center. 2—4 ft. -----	.35	.85	2.50	18.00
—CB—leucanthemum. (Oxeye Daisy). Large white in May -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—CB—maximum. (Alaska Shasta Daisy). Large pure white flowers from early summer till late fall -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—CB—King Edward. Enormous pure white flowers -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Cimicifuga racemosa.</b> (Cohosh Bugbane). -----				
—RS—Handsome spikes of pure white flowers in July—Aug. 3—5 ft. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Claytonia virginica.</b> (Spring Beauty). -----				
—RS—A charming delicate flower of early spring. Distinguished for its flush of pale crimson pink starting from a yellow base -----	.15	.40	1.00	8.00
<b>Clove Pink or Pheasant's Eye.</b> —See <i>Dianthus</i> .				
<b>Cohosh Bugbane.</b> —See <i>Cimicifuga</i> .				
<b>Comptonia asplenifolia.</b> (Sweet Fern or <i>Myrica aspl.</i> ). -----				
—OR—1—2 ft. high with sweet scented fern-like leaves. Prefer light soil. Clumps with soil in burlap -----	1.00	2.50	7.00	
<b>Common Trout Lily.</b> —See <i>Erythronium</i> .				
<b>Columbine.</b> —See <i>Aquilegia</i> .				
<b>Convallaria majalis.</b> (Lily of the Valley). -----				
—RMS—A well known popular flower -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Coral Bells.</b> —See <i>Heuchera</i> .				
<b>Cornflower aster.</b> —See <i>Stokesia</i> .				
<b>Coreopsis grandiflora.</b> (Big Coreopsis). -----				
—C—Large bright yellow flowers all summer. 2 ft.-----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Cowslip.</b> —See <i>Mertensia</i> .				
<b>Cranesbill.</b> —See <i>Geranium</i> .				
<b>Crysopsis villosa.</b> (Golden Aster). -----				
—RO—Flowers golden yellow. Aug—Sept. For dry, sandy, exposed situation -----	.40	1.00		

**Cypripedium.** (Lady Slipper or Moccasin Flower). Hardy orchids. These sell by the bud and not by the plant. Plants carry from one to seven flowering buds. Require some shade to do well. Plant crown 4 in. deep and prepare ground same as for ferns, with humus and peat or muck and mulch. Not less than five buds sold.

- RSM—acaule. (Purple Moccasin). 5 buds for \$1.25, 25 for \$5.00, 100 for \$15.00.
- RSM—pubescens. Large yellow Lady Slipper, plant in shade with plenty of moisture. 5 buds for \$1.50, 25 for \$5.00; 100 for \$20.00.
- RSM—spectabilis or hirsutum. The finest and most showy of all our orchids, 1—2 ft., shading from rose purple to nearly white flowers. 5 buds for \$2.00, 15 for \$5.00; 100 for \$25.00.



**Centaurea Montana.**



**Cypripedium Spectabilis.**

**Day Lilies.**—See Hemorricallis

**Delphinium.** (Larkspur). This is without a doubt the most appreciated of all perennials.

- CB—belladonna. Light sky blue. This is best for cut flowers and forcing ----- .25 .60 1.50 12.00
  - CB—bellamosa. A dark strain of the above ----- .25 .60 1.50 12.00
  - R—chinensis. A very pretty dwarf variety with fine feathery foliage and intense gentian blue flowers -- .25 .60 1.50 12.00
  - R—chinensis alba. A pure white form of the above-- .25 .60 1.50 12.00
  - gold medal hybrids. Mixed ----- .25 .60 1.50 12.00
  - CB—English hybrids. From named varieties of Kelway's and other celebrated creations. Please note that seedlings do not always come true to color, but here are offered the newest, the best and finest to be secured anywhere in range of colors and combinations ----- .35 1.00 3.00 25.00
  - white summer cloud. An excellent type of clear white with tall spikes ----- .25 .60 1.50 12.00
- Dianthus barbatus.** (Sweet William). One of the finest old fashioned flowers for cutting.

Each    3       10       100



	Each	3	10	100
—BC—Mix .....	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—BC—Pink Beauty. Newport pink .....	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—BC—Scarlet Beauty. A charming and distinct color ..	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—B—deltoides. (Maiden Pink). A beautiful little plant with narrow leaves and a profusion of small crimson flowers. ....	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—R—latifolius. Everblooming, double crimson flowers, 10—12 in. ....	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—R—plumarius. (Clove Pink or Pheasant's Eye) .....	.20	.50	1.00	8.00
—BRC—plumarius. Double mix. ....	.20	.50	1.00	8.00
<b>Dicentra canadensis. (Squirrel Corn).</b>				
—R—Similar to Dutheman's Breeches, but the white sack-like petals are stained purple .....	.15	.40	1.00	8.00
—R—cucularia. (Dutchman's Breeches). A very early spring flower. Apr.—May. From 5—9 in. high. Bears a loose raceme of white inverted flowers. Pre- fer rich hilly shade .....	.15	.40	1.00	8.00
<b>Difelytra eximia. (Fringed Bleeding Heart).</b>				
—R—A dwarf growing sort with beautiful finely cut foliage. Racemes of pretty pink flowers throughout the season .....	.30	.70	2.00	
—R—spectabilis. (Bleeding Heart). A well known old fashioned favorite .....	.60	1.50	4.50	
<b>Digitalis lutea. (Yellow Foxglove).</b>				
.....	.30	.65	2.00	
<b>Dodecatheon media. (Shooting Star).</b>				
—RS—American cyclamen. A very pretty perennial with rose-colored to white flowers in May—June .....	.20	.50	1.25	
<b>Double English Daisies. See Bellis.</b>				
<b>Double Meadowsweet. See Filapendula.</b>				
<b>Dragonhead. See Physostegia.</b>				
<b>Dropwort. See Filapendula.</b>				



Dutchman's Breeches.



Gentiana Andrewsiae.

Dutchman's Breeches. See Dicentra.

Epigaea repens. (Trailing Arbutus). The May Flower of New England. The dull light olive-green leaves are more or less rusty spotted. The new leaves de-



	Each	3	10	100
velop in June. The sweet scented white or delicately pink tinted flowers appear in early spring. Keep well watered the first year.				
—RT—Large clumps with soil in burlap -----	.75	2.00	6.50	50.00
—Not burlapped -----	.50	1.25	3.50	30.00
<b>Erigeron.</b> (Fleabane). A very effective genus of Michaelmas daisy-like plants. They flourish in any garden soil, and are indispensable for groups and flower borders and are excellent for cutting. June—Aug.---	.30	.75		
—speciosa gr. hybrids. Oregon Fleabane. 2 ft. June—July. Large blue flowers -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Erythronium americanum.</b> Common Trout Lily. A single 6-parted flower from 6 to 12 in. Blooms in April—May in moist woods -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Eryngium alpina.</b> (Sea Holly). —B—Finely cut spiny foliage and thistle-like heads of a beautiful rich metallic blue. Useful for dry bouquets in winter. 2—3 ft. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Erinus alpinus.</b> —RW—Blue, white, separate, or mixed. A first rate rock plant, also invaluable for establishing on old walls or between steps -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Eulalia japonica variegata.</b> —B—Very ornamental grass, striped greens and white --	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Eupatorium ageratoides.</b> (Hardy Ageratum). —B—3—3½ ft. with minute white flowers in dense heads	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—B—purpureum. (Joe Pye Weed). Flowers in flat topped terminal clusters, rosy purple. Aug.—Sept. 3—4 ft. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—B—perfoliatum. (Boneset). A flowering herb, dearly beloved by the old-fashioned housewife. The opposite leaves are perfoliate, that is, the ends are joined together. 2—3 ft. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Evening Primrose.</b> See <i>Oenothera</i> .				
<b>Festiva alpina.</b> (Alpine Fesque Grass). —R—Ornamental grass, grows in dense tufts -----	.30	.75	2.00	
<b>Filipendula hexapetala.</b> (Spirea Filipendula Dropwort). Numerous corymbs of pearl-white flowers on stems 15 in. high. June—July. Pretty fern-like foliage--	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—ulmaria. (Spirea Ulmaria, Double Meadowsweet). Creamy white flowers -----	.30	.75	2.00	
<b>Fire Pink.</b> See <i>Silene</i> .				
<b>Flax.</b> See <i>Linum</i> .				
<b>Fleabane.</b> See <i>Erigeron</i> .				
<b>Foxglove.</b> See <i>Digitalis</i> .				
<b>Forget-me-not.</b> See <i>Myosotis</i> .				
<b>Fragaria virginiana.</b> (Wild Strawberry). For woodland planting -----			1.00	8.00
<b>Funkia coerulea.</b> (Plaintain Lily). The plaintain lilies are among the easiest plants to manage. Their broad, massive foliage makes them attractive subjects for the border, in sun or shade. Blue -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—R—variegata. Variegated foliage, blue flowers -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Gaillardia.</b> (Blanket Flower). The Gaillardia is one of the most desirable and ornamental perennial plants. Our seed is the very finest English strain. The gay blossoms enliven your garden from June—Nov.				
—Mixed colors -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—picto. New English Blanket Flower -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Galega officinalis.</b> (Goat's Rue). —C—Showy bushy plants with attractive foliage and pear shaped flowers -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00

	Each	3	10	100
—hartlandi. 4½ in. long racemes of beautiful lilac pear shaped flowers -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Gaultheria procumbens.</b> (Aromatic Wintergreen or Checkerberry).				
—RS—A low evergreen with bright green leaves. Flowers white, followed by bright red berries. Shade -----	.30	.80	2.50	20.00
<b>Gentian Andrewsie.</b> (Bottle or Closed Gentian). A most fascinating plant. Flowers intense deep blue sometimes bordering on ultramarine. 6—8 in. Blooms best in moist places. July—Oct. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—crinata. (Fringed Gentian). Because of its exquisite beauty and rarity is one of the most highly prized wild flowers. Sept.—Oct. -----	.75	2.00		
<b>Geranium maculatum.</b> (Crane's Bill).				
—R—A delicate wild flower, deep magenta pink. The ornamental leaves with brown and white spots are the occasion for the title maculatum. 1—2 ft. -----	.20	.50	1.25	
<b>Geum coccinea.</b> (Avens). Mrs. Bradshaw.				
—R—A splendid new variety with large fiery red double flowers, all summer. 18 in. -----	.30	.75	2.00	
—Lady Stratheden. (Golden Ball). A delightful shade of golden yellow -----	.30	.75	2.00	
—R—triflorum. (Three Flowered Avens). Prettily nodding ruby red calyx and stems like a red strawberry, petals white or pink, foliage good and lasting -----	.50	1.00	3.00	
<b>Giant Daisy.</b> See Pyrethrum.				
<b>Globe Flower.</b> See Trollius.				
<b>Golden Aster.</b> See crysopsis.				
<b>Golden Ball.</b> See Geum.				
<b>Golden Glow.</b> See Rudbeckia.				
<b>Goats Rue.</b> See Galega.				
<b>Green Briar.</b> See Smilax.				
<b>Greek Valerian.</b> See Polemonium.				
<b>Grass of Parnassus.</b> See Parnassia.				
<b>Ground Ivy.</b> See Nepeta.				
<b>Gypsophila.</b> (Baby's Breath). Very branching slender plants of easiest culture. Desirable where a mass of delicate misty blossoms will fill in a bare place.				
—Bristol Fairy. A wonderful new gypsophila, grafted stock. Produces much larger panicles of flowers in which the individual flower is larger and pure white. Flowers continually throughout the summer -----	.50	1.30	4.00	35.00
—paniculata grandiflora -----	.20	.50	1.20	10.00
—RT—repens. (Creeping Baby's Breath). -----	.25	.65	2.00	15.00
<b>Habenaria fimbriata.</b> Large purple fringed orchid. Is the largest and the most beautiful of the genus. The densely flowered spike is about 2 in. in diameter and often 12 in. long, does well in open sun. Scarce -----	.75	2.00	5.00	
—pyscodes. Small purple fringed orchid. Pale purplish flowers in dense cylindrical spikes. 12—15 in. July Aug. -----	.30	.75	2.00	15.00
<b>Harebell.</b> See Campanula.				
<b>Helenium bigelowi.</b> (Sneezeweed).				
—B—Tall growing plants, allied to the sunflower. Branching -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—B—riverton gem. Old gold changing to wallflower red -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Helianthemum mutabile.</b> (Rock Rose).				
—R—Low growing evergreen plants, a profuse bloomer. July—Sept. Excellent for the rockery or dry sunny bank -----	.30	.75	2.00	15.00
<b>Helianthus angustifolia.</b> (Autumn Glory).				
—B—Yellow, free blooming. Good cut flower -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00

	Each	3	10	100
—B—maximiliana. (Prairie Sunflower). 4—5 ft. Many strong stems wreathed on 3 in. wide flowers. Three-fourths their entire length. In Aug. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—B—mollis. A decided improvement and most beautiful -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—tuberosa. (Jerusalem Artichoke). A species extensively grown for its edible roots. Golden yellow flowers sometimes 3 in. broad. 5—12 ft. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Heliopsis scabra zinniaeflora.</b> (Rough Sunflower). —B—A new variety with bright yellow flowers. July—Aug. 3 ft. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—B—pitcheriana. Golden yellow flowers throughout the summer -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Hemerocallis.</b> (Day Lilies). Hemerocallis have long been favorites in our gardens with their charming lily-like flowers and grass-like foliage.				
—B—Dr. Regal. (Yellow Day Lily). Rich orange yellow flowers, very fragrant -----	.50	1.20		
—fulva. (Brown Day Lily). Flowers coppery orange shaded with crimson. 3 ft. -----	.50	1.20		
—gold dust -----	.50	1.20		
—B—thunbergie. Sweet scented, clear yellow, in July -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Hen and Chicken—RSM.</b> See Sempervivum.				
<b>Hepatica triloba.</b> (Liverwort). The earliest flower of spring, appearing before its 3-lobed olive green leaves which last throughout the winter. The new leaves and flower stems are extremely hairy. The beautiful flowers vary white, pink, lilac to pale purple and violet. 3 in. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Hesperis matronalis.</b> (Sweet Rocket). Fragrant purple flowers in showy spikes. June—July -----	.20	.50	1.20	
<b>Heuchera americana.</b> (Alumroot). Flowers are whitish-green, small bell-shaped. The leaves are heart-shaped and scalloped -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—sanguinaria. (Coral Bells). 12—18 in. June—Sept. Very free flowering -----	.40	1.00	2.50	
<b>Hollyhocks.</b> (Althea rosea). The hollyhocks are an old-fashioned garden favorite, echoes from a far distant past. The hollyhock is one of the most stately and picturesque plants in the world.				
—B—allegany. Immense semi-double flowers with fringed edges -----	.20	.50	1.20	10.00
—double, appleblossom, crimson, pink, rose salmon, white, yellow, bloodred, Dr. Faust, maroon, and scarlet. Separate or mixed -----	.20	.50	1.20	10.00
<b>Hosta.</b> See Funkia.				
<b>Houseleek.</b> See Sempervivum.				
<b>Hypericum perforiate.</b> (St. John's Wort). —R—Good for the border. Flowers bright yellow. 1 ft. ---	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—R—elegans. 1 ft. Flowers in terminal panicles during Aug—Sept. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Iberis sempervivums.</b> (Hardy Candytuft). —R—Dwarf covered with a sheet of white flowers. A fine rock plant -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Incarvillea delawayi.</b> (Hardy Gloxinia). 18 in. A very decorative perennial for the hardy border. Rose pink flowers with yellow throats, borne in large clusters all summer -----	.30	.75	2.00	
<b>Inula ensifolia.</b> Free flowering border plant. Yellow ---	.30	.75	2.00	

	Each	3	10	100
<b>Iris versicolor.</b> (Large Blue Flag, Fleur De Lis). Violet and handsomely veined petals erect. A mass of this variety in bloom is a sight which will not soon be forgotten. 2—3 ft. -----	.20	.50	1.20	10.00
—R—Christata. (Crested Dwarf Iris). A dainty native dwarf species. Flowers rich amethyst blue. A gem for the rock garden -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—germanica in 50 named varieties, mix -----			1.50	10.00
—siberica, mixed -----			1.00	6.00
<b>Jacob's Ladder.</b> See Polemonium.				
<b>Jack in the Pulpit.</b> See Arisaema.				
<b>Japanese Spurge.</b> See Pachysandra.				
<b>Jerusalem Artichoke.</b> See Helianthus.				
<b>Joe Pye Weed.</b> See Eupatorium.				
<b>Kansas Gay Feather.</b> See Liatris.				
<b>Lady Slipper.</b> See Cypripedium.				
<b>Larkspur.</b> See Delphinium.				
<b>Leontopodium alpinum.</b> (Edelweiss). —R—A lovely little alpine plant with white leaves and small yellow flowers, a splendid rock garden plant. 4—5 in. -----	.50	1.40		
<b>Lepachys columnaris.</b> —R—1—2 ft. Pretty drooping petals at base of long dark cone. July—Oct. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Lantern Plant.</b> See Physalis.				
<b>Latyrus latifolius.</b> (Perennial Sweet Pea). These extremely showy and fine perennial peas are not extensively grown in this country, but a great favorite in England. Mixed colors -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Liatris scariosa.</b> (Blazing Star). —RO—A tall, handsome perennial that grows in sandy dry situations. The showy flower spike 2—4 ft. high is set with magenta purple tubular flowers -----	.20	.40	1.00	8.00
—pynostachia. (Kansas Gay Feather). A beautiful species from the western prairies. Purple spikes of flowers. July—Aug. 4 ft. -----	.25	.65	2.00	
<b>Lilium.</b> (Lilies). Hardy varieties. —canadensis. (Wild Meadow Lily). The graceful curves of its bells are unsurpassed in any wild or culti- vated flower. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—philadelphicum. (Wood Lily). A handsome native lily with cup shaped flowers, spotted maroon and shaded orange, 3 ft. -----	.30	.75	2.00	
—regale or myriophyllum. (Regal Lily). The flowers are white, slightly suffused with pink, with a beauti- ful shade of canary yellow at the center. It is de- lightfully perfumed. Blooms in July -----	.50	1.35	4.00	
—superbum. (Turk's Cap Lily). Remarkable for its completely reflexed petals tipped by brown anthers. Blooms abundantly in rich soil during July—Aug.---	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—tenuifolium. (Siberian or Coral Lily). Beautiful, dainty red lily for the rock garden. 12—13 in.-----	.40	1.00	3.00	
—tigrinum. (Tiger Lily). The flower sepals are strong- ly spotted and reflexed. July—Aug. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Lily of the Valley.</b> See Convalleria.				



	Each	3	10	100
<b>Linum perrene.</b> (Hardy perennial Flax). Produces a new set of charming blue flowers every morning during the summer -----	.20	.40	1.20	
—alba. White flowers -----	.20	.40	1.20	
<b>Liverwort.</b> See Hepatica.				
<b>Lobelia cardinalis.</b> (Cardinal Flower). —MB—One of the showiest of our wild flowers, 2—4 ft. high with large deep red blossoms. Will thrive in any garden soil or along the border of lily pond or brook -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—MB—syphilitica. (Great Blue Lobelia). Similar to cardinalis but flowers are blue streaked with white, very desirable for borders in moist situations -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Loosestrife.</b> See Lythrum.				
<b>Lupinus polyphyllus.</b> The Lupine may be classed among the most beautiful hardy flowers. The flowers are borne on long spikes in many fascinating colors. —alba. White hardy lupine -----	.20	.40	1.20	10.00
—blue -----	.20	.40	1.20	10.00
—moorheim pink -----	.20	.40	1.20	10.00
—downers hybrids. A wonderful new strain of colors, scented and very large flowered -----	.20	.40	1.20	10.00
<b>Lychnis.</b> (Rose Campion). A fine old-fashioned flower bearing large heads of brilliantly colored flowers that live up the border during the summer and early fall. —alpina. Dwarf. Rose pink -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—arckwrighti. Produces an abundance of large flowers in brilliant colors, varying from orange scarlet to soft salmon pink -----	.35	.85	2.50	18.00
—chalcedonica. (Maltese Cross). Stout leafy stems bearing large flat heads of bright scarlet flowers. July—Aug. 2—3 ft. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—haageana. Brilliant orange scarlet flowers in May—June. 1 ft. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—flos cuculi. (Ragged Robin) -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—R—viscaria splendens. Brilliant red -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Lythrum roseum superbum.</b> (Loosestrife). —M—Rose purple flowers, very showy -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—M—salicari. Purple magenta flowers, June—Aug.-----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Maiden Pink.</b> See Dianthus.				
<b>Maltese Cross.</b> See Lychnis.				
<b>Mayflower.</b> See Epigea.				
<b>Mayapple.</b> See Podophyllum.				
<b>Marsh Marigold.</b> See Caltha.				
<b>Marguerite.</b> See Anthemis, Pyrethrum and Chrysanthemum.				
<b>Meadow Anemone.</b> See Anemone.				
<b>Meadow Rue.</b> See Thalictrum.				
<b>Meadow Sweet.</b> See Spirea.				
<b>Merry Bell.</b> See Uvularia.				
<b>Mertensia virginica.</b> (Cowslip or Bluebell). —ROSM—Panicles of beautifully purple trumpet-like flowers in early spring. Becomes dormant in mid-summer. One of the most interesting of our early spring flowers -----	.20	.40	1.20	10.00
<b>Mesquit Grass.</b> See Boutelone.				
<b>Mentha peperita.</b> (Peppermint). Pale purple flowers. Plant aromatic -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00

	Each	3	10	100
<b>Mexican Columbine.</b> See <i>Aquilegia</i> .				
<b>Michaelmas Daisy.</b> See <i>Aster</i> .				
<b>Mitchella repens.</b> (Partridge Berry or Twinberry).				
—RT—A little trailing vine with dark-green evergreen leaves. The fourlobed twin flowers are cream-white inside but faint crimson pink outside -----	.30	.65	2.50	
<b>Mitella diphylla.</b> (Bishop's Cap).				
—R—Delicate white flowers in early spring. A gem for shady places -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Moccasin Flower.</b> See <i>Cypripedium</i> .				
<b>Monarda didyma.</b> (Oswego Beebalm).				
—Showy bright red flowers with aromatic foliage. July—Aug. 2 ft. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—fistulosa. (Wild Bergamot). Pale lilac flowers in June—Sept., an attractive plant in cultivation. 2 ft.	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Monkshood.</b> See <i>Aconitum</i> .				
<b>Mother of Thyme.</b> See <i>Thymus</i> .				
<b>Mountain Bluet.</b> See <i>Centaurea</i> .				
<b>Myosotis.</b> (Forget-me-not). Nearly everyone is familiar with the forget-me-not which is so beautiful in the early spring. They are wonderful as a ground cover for tulips or other bulbs and very good for the border, rock garden or waterside.				
—R—alpestris. Alpine forget-me-not -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—R—dissitiflora. Swiss forget-me-not -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—RM—palustris. (True Forget-me-not). Lovely light blue flowers all summer, does well on highland and along running water -----	.20	.50	1.20	10.00
<b>Nepata mussini.</b> (Ground Ivy).				
—A wonderful ground cover of dwarf-compact habit, producing masses of bloom of a beautiful lavender shade. Valuable in any position but especially effective in the rock garden -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Nymphaea odorata.</b> (American Waterlily).				
—Hardy, the white flowers often measure 5 in. in diam.	.30	.75	2.00	
<b>Oenothera.</b> (Evening Primrose). Elegant for a sunny position in the border or on the rockery, blooming all summer.				
—R—frazeri. Rich golden yellow. 1 ft. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—R—fruticosa. 2 ft. June—Sept. Deep yellow flowers in profusion -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—missouriensis. (Macrocarpa). 12 in. June—Sept. Long trailing stems with large yellow flowers, followed by large winged seeds -----	.35	.85	2.50	18.00
<b>Orchis spectabilis.</b> (Showy Orchids). Is a charming early blooming orchid from April to June in moist shade -----	.30	.75	2.00	
<b>Orchids.</b> See <i>Calopogon</i> , <i>Cypripedium</i> , <i>Habenaria</i> , <i>Orchis</i> , and <i>Pogonia</i> .				
<b>Oswego Beebalm.</b> See <i>Monarda</i> .				
<b>Oxalis violacea.</b> (Wood Sorrel).				
—S—One of the most delicate and dainty of our woodland flowers. Leaves are sensitive and fold up when handled -----	.30	.75	2.00	
—floribunda. White -----	.30	.75	2.00	
<b>Oxeye Daisy.</b> See <i>Chrysanthemum</i> .				

**Pasque Flower.** See *Anemone*.

Each 3 10 100

***Pachysandra terminalis*.** (Japanese Spurge).

—RTS—One of the best ground cover plants. 6—8 in. high, forming mats of bright glossy green foliage. It bears small spikes of light colored flowers during May—June, some of its main uses are under evergreens and shrubs, for shrub and flower bed borders, and for bordering walks and drives ----- .25 .60 1.50 12.00

**Painted Daisy.** See *Pyrethrum*.

**Pansy.** We have a mixture of the most exquisite international strains, the best money can buy. One dozen for 50c, 25 for 90c, 100 for \$3.50, 1,000 for \$30.00.

**Papaver.** (Poppy).

—RO—*alpina pyrenaicum*. (Alpine Poppy). Mixed----- .50 1.25  
—R—*nudicaule*. (Iceland Poppy). We have them in orange, white and yellow, separate or mixed ----- .25 .60 1.50 12.00  
—orientale. (Oriental Poppy). Scarlet ----- .25 .60 1.50 12.00  
—King Edward. Brightest crimson scarlet ----- .25 .60 1.50 12.00  
—Princess Victoria Louise. Bright salmon scarlet ---- .25 .60 1.50 12.00

***Parnassia caroliniana*.** (Grass of Parnassus).

—M—An interesting perennial herb with single cream-white flowers about 1 in. broad. 6—20 in.----- .15 .40 1.00 8.00

**Partridge Berry.** See *Mitchella*.

**Peppermint.** See *Mentha*.

***Pedicularis canadensis*.** (Wood Betony).

—RS—It is a peculiar plant, leaves fern-like, the corolla is composed of two lips. Flowers in May—June. 1 ft. .35 .85 2.00 18.00

**Penstemon.** (Beard Tongue).

—R—*acuminati* - - - - - .35 .85 2.00 18.00  
—R—*pubescens*. Rosy purple. Prefer dry, sunny place .25 .60 1.50 12.00  
—southgate gem. Long graceful stems carrying numerous rich poppy-red flowers, showing pure white throats - - - - - .25 .60 1.50 12.00

**Perennial Pea.** See *Lathyrus*.

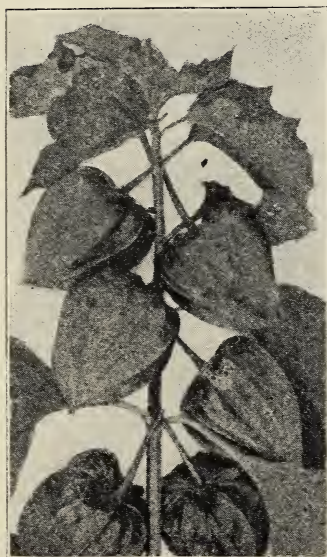
**Phlox**

—RT—*amoena*. This is one of the best for carpeting the ground, the rockery or border. 4 in., rich bright pink flowers - - - - - .30 .75 2.00  
—paniculata. (Hardy Perennial Garden Phlox) ----- .25 .60 1.50 12.00  
—bridesmaid. White crimson eye ----- .25 .60 1.50 12.00  
—B. Compté. Rich satiny amaranth ----- .30 .75 2.00  
—champs elysees. Fine rich crimson ----- .25 .65 2.00  
—euclaireur. Brilliant rosy magenta, white eye ----- .25 .65 2.00  
—Dr. Chas. H. Mayo. White, very large ----- .50  
—Miss Lingard. (*Suffruticosa*). Early white with delicate pink eye and excellent foliage ----- .25 .65 2.00  
—Mrs. Jenkins. Large white panicles, the hardest of all .25 .65 2.00  
—rhinelander. Salmon pink, very large ----- .25 .65 2.00  
—R. P. Struthers. Bright rosy red with crimson eye---- .25 .65 2.00  
—rynstrom. Immense trusses of lovely rose pink ----- .25 .65 2.00  
—sieboldi. Orange scarlet, crimson center ----- .25 .65 2.00  
—thor. Deep salmon pink ----- .25 .65 2.00  
—H. O. Wijers. White with red center ----- .25 .65 2.00  
—Von Lasburg. Splendid pure white ----- .25 .65 2.00

	Each	3	10	100
— <i>R—divaricata canadensis</i> . One of our native species which is worthy of extensive planting. Large fragrant lavender flowers on stems 10 in. high. April—May -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>R—pilosa</i> . (Downy Phlox). Flowers in flat topped clusters mostly crimson pink, May—June. 1—2 ft.-----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>R—subulata</i> . (Moss or Mountain Pink). Creeping. An early spring flowering type with pretty moss-like evergreen foliage which during the flowering season in April—May is hidden under masses of bloom. An excellent plant for ground or covering graves.				
— <i>R—rosea</i> , rose pink -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>R—alba</i> . Pure white -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>R—lilacina</i> , bright lilac -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>R—vivid</i> , bright pink with fiery red eye -----	.35	.80	2.00	
<i>Physalis franchetti</i> . (Chinese Lantern). An ornamental variety of the Winter Cherry, producing freely its bright scarlet lantern-like fruits which when cut last all winter, very attractive. 2 ft. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
Pitcher Plant. See <i>Saracenia</i> .				
Poppy Mallow. See <i>Calirhoe</i> .				
Poppy. See <i>Papaver</i> .				
<i>Physostegia virginica</i> . (False Dragon Head). Bearing erect spikes of pretty feather-like flowers. Pink and white -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<i>Platycodon grandiflora</i> . (Balloon Flower).				
— <i>R—Large</i> blue showy flowers good for rock garden and border -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>alba</i> . White -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>mariesi</i> . Blue -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
Plaintain lily. See <i>Funkia</i> .				
Plumy Bleeding Heart. See <i>Dielytra</i> .				
Plume Poppy. See <i>Bocconia</i> .				
<i>Pogonia opioglossoides</i> . (Snakemouth Orchid). Delicate pure pink fragrant flowers. 8—12 in. June—July-----	.35	.90	2.50	
<i>Podophyllum peltatum</i> . (Mayapple). A peculiar herb, a foot high with large round seven to nine lobed leaves, fruit a fleshy edible berry. A woodland plant	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<i>Polemonium</i> . (Jacob's Ladder).				
— <i>coerulea</i> . Erect stems with sky blue flowers, fern-like foliage. April—July. 2 ft. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>Richardson's</i> blue. 18 in. Large sky blue flowers with yellow eye, from May to Sept. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<i>Polygonatum biflorum</i> . (Solomon's Seal).				
— <i>R—Pendant</i> sprays of greenish white flowers followed by blue-black berries, resembling a Concord grape. May—June. Shade -----	.30	.75	2.00	
<i>Potentilla formosa</i> . (Quincefoil).				
— <i>R—Charming</i> plant for the border with brilliant cherry rose flowers. 18 in. June—Aug. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<i>Primula veris</i> . (Hardy Primrose). Hybrids. Various shades of lilac, purple and violet -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<i>Pyrethrum</i> . (Persian or Painted Daisy). Are so easily cultivated, perfectly hardy, invaluable for cut flowers, with a profusion of flowers from May throughout July. Ideal for beds or border.				



	Each	3	10	100
—BC—roseum hybridum. Varying in colors from white to crimson, useful for cutting. The flowers are bright and elegantly borne on long stems the entire summer - - - - -	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—alba. White - - - - -	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—atrosanguinaria. Dark red shades - - - - -	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—hybrids. fl. Pl. double, mixed colors - - - - -	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—uliginosum. (Giant Daisy). This is one of the most striking perennials during the late summer and fall, large white flowers. 3—4 ft. - - - - -	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Pyrola elliptica. (Shinleaf).</b>				
—R—The evergreen leaves are bright green elliptical, the greenish-white waxy flowers nod and are very fragrant in June—July, resembling lily-of-the valley - - - - -	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—R—rotundifolia - - - - -	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Radicula nasturtium aquaticum. (Water Cress). An aquatic plant much prized for its pungent tasting young leaves. 4—10 in. - - - - -</b>				
	.35	.90	2.00	15.00
<b>Ragged Robin. See Lychnis.</b>				
<b>Ranunculus. (Buttercup).</b>				
—acris, double yellow flowers in May - - - - -	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—RT—repens. fl. pl. creeping, bright golden yellow. May—June - - - - -	.25	.60	1.50	12.00



**Physalis Franchettii.**



**Physostegia Virginica.**

Rock Rose. See Helianthemum.  
 Rock Soapworth. See Saponaria.  
 Rose Campion. See Agrostemma.  
 Rough Sunflower. See Helioopsis.

	Each	3	10	100
<b>Rudbeckia.</b> (Coneflower).				
— <i>hirta</i> . (Black Eyed Susan). Beautiful large yellow daisy with conical dark purple center. July—Aug. 1—2 ft. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>B-laciniata</i> . (Golden Glow) or cut leaf cone flower. 3—5 ft. with double golden yellow flowers -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>B-newmanni</i> . Deep orange yellow with dark purple cone -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>purpurea</i> . (Giant Coneflower). Peculiar reddish purple flowers with a large brown cone-shaped center. July—Aug. 3 ft. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Sage.</b> See <i>Artemesia</i> .				
<b>Sanguinaria canadensis.</b> (Bloodroot).				
— <i>RS</i> —A low perennial with pure white flowers in early spring, the leathery leaves appear later. Plant in rich soil, preferably shade or rock garden, 1,000 for \$50.00 -----	.15	.30	1.00	6.00
<b>Saponaria ocymoides.</b> (Rock Soapwort).				
— <i>R</i> —A pretty border and rock plant with clouds of pink flowers -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Saracenia purpurea.</b> (Pitcher Plant).				
— <i>M</i> —A curious and interesting plant with strange pitcher-like hollow leaves which are usually partly filled with water and insects. The pitchers are circled about the roots, radiating lines measuring 4—10 in., blood-red drooping flowers on long stems. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Scabiosa caucasica.</b> (Caucasian Scabiosa). Lavender. -----	.25	.65	1.75	
<b>Scutellaria integrifolia.</b> (Skullcap).				
— <i>R</i> —Tubular, two-tipped blue flowers in a terminal spike. July—Aug. 1 ft. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Sea Holly.</b> See <i>Eryngium</i> .				
<b>Sea Lavender.</b> See <i>Statice</i> .				
<b>Sedum.</b> (Stonecrop).				
— <i>RO</i> — <i>acre</i> . (Golden Moss). Useful for covering and rockeries. A little tufted plant with yellow flowers -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>RO</i> — <i>album</i> . Flowers white with red center, for dry rocks. 4—6 in. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>aizoon</i> . Bright yellow flowers. 1 ft. July—Aug. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>divergens</i> . Yellow flowers. The fleshy leaves turn a deep bronze in spring -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>R</i> — <i>ibericum</i> . Pink and white flowers. Toothed leaves. 6 in. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>R</i> — <i>kamschaticum</i> . Orange yellow flowers with prostrate green foliage, turning golden in autumn -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>R</i> — <i>maximowiczii</i> . (Amur Sedum). Yellow -----	.40	1.00		
— <i>RT</i> — <i>sarmentosum</i> . Excellent for rockeries and filling seams between rocks in wall gardens -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>R</i> — <i>sexangular</i> . Very dark green foliage, yellow flowers -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>R</i> — <i>sieboldi</i> . Round succulent glaucous foliage, bright pink flowers. Aug.—Sept. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>R</i> — <i>spectabilis</i> . One of the prettiest erect growing species with immense heads of rose-colored flowers. Aug.—Sept. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>R</i> — <i>brilliant</i> . A form of the preceding, flowers bright amaranth red -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>R</i> — <i>spurrium coccineum</i> . A beautiful rose crimson flowered form. July—Aug. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00

	Each	3	10	100
—R—stahli. Dwarf, compact foliage turning to an attractive crimson towards fall -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—R—stolonifera. Flat succulent leaves with purplish pink flowers. July—Aug. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—ternatum. A most satisfactory variety for planting in the shade -----	.40	1.00		
<b>Sempervivum.</b> (Houseleek).				
—aracnoides. Small cobweb houseleek, tips of leaves in rosettes connected by silvery threads. Flowers bright red in few flowered panicles. 6 in.-----	.40	1.00	2.50	
—tectorum. (House Leek or Hen and Chickens). Curious and interesting plants forming rosettes of succulent leaves. Good for rockeries, dry banks, carpet bedding, and walks -----	.15	.40	1.00	8.00
<b>Shellflower.</b> See Chelone.				
<b>Silene.</b> (Catchfly).				
—R—alpestris. Dwarf rock plant. dainty pure white flowers in May—June -----	.30	.70	2.00	
—orientalis compacta. Deep rose. Clove scented, beautiful in the border -----				
—R—shafta. (Autumn Catchfly). A charming border or rock plant growing from 4—6 in., with masses of bright pink flowers. July—Aug. -----	.35			
<b>Shinleaf.</b> See Pyrola.				
<b>Sissyrinchian augustifolia.</b> (Blue Eyed Grass).				
—RO—As one would suspect from the name, it has grass-like leaves and flowers that make one think of bright little blue eyes as they peep out -----	.30	.75	2.00	
<b>Shasta Daisy.</b> See Chrysanthemum.				
<b>Shooting Star.</b> See Dodecatheon.				
<b>Skull Cap.</b> See Scutellaria.				
<b>Smilacena racemosa.</b> (False Solomon's Seal). A beautiful woodland plant bearing its spire-like cluster of white flowers at the tip of the stem. June—July---	.30	.75	2.00	
<b>Smilax rotundifolia.</b> (Green Briar). A vine with large heart-shaped leaves 2—3 in. long, with small greenish-white flowers followed by blue berries resembling small clusters of grapes -----	.35	1.00	2.50	
<b>Snake Mouth.</b> See Pogonia.				
<b>Snake Root.</b> See Eupatorium and Cimicifuga.				
<b>Sneezewort.</b> See Helenium.				
<b>Snow in Summer.</b> See Cerastium.				
<b>Soapwort.</b> See Saponaria.				
<b>Salidago canadensis.</b> (Golden Rod). The flower cluster is very large and plume-like. Aug.—Sept. 3—5 ft.				
—mixed native. 100 for \$8.00.				
<b>Solomon's Seal.</b> See Polygonatum.				
<b>Speedwell.</b> See Veronica.				
<b>Spergula pilifera.</b> 4 in. A hardy evergreen suitable for grass edging or rock work -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Spiderwort.</b> See Tradescantia.				
<b>Spirea.</b> See Filapendula.				
<b>Spring Beauty.</b> See Claytonia.				
<b>Squirrel Corn.</b> See Dicentra.				
<b>Stachys alpina.</b> (Alpine Betony).				
—R—Dark rose -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00



	Each	3	10	100
—lanata. (Wound Wort). Fine old-fashioned garden plant for edging or rock work. Soft silvery foliage. Dwarf, 4 in. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Statice latifolia.</b> (Sea Lavender).				
—R—Tufts of leathery leaves and immense candelabra-like heads of purplish blue minute flowers during July—Aug. These, if cut and dried, last for months, valuable for border or rockery -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Stokesia cyana.</b> (Cornflower Aster).				
—RB—A most charming and beautiful native hardy plant, lavender blue. From June to Oct. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Stonecrop.</b> See <i>Sedum</i> .				
<b>Sunflower.</b> See <i>Helianthus</i> .				
<b>Sweet Fern.</b> See <i>Comptonia</i> .				
<b>Sweet Woodruff.</b> See <i>Asperula</i> .				
<b>Sweet William.</b> See <i>Dianthus</i> .				
<b>Tanacetum vulgare.</b> (Tansy). Yellow aromatic flowers in flat topped clusters composed of round disks or buttons of tubular florets -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Tansy.</b> See <i>Tanacetum</i> .				
<b>Thalictrum.</b> (Meadow Rue).				
—RB— <i>adiantifolia</i> . (Maidenhair Meadow Rue). Foliage like maidenhair fern and miniature white flowers in June -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>aquilegifolia</i> . (Columbine Meadow Rue). Graceful foliage resembling aquilegia. Often attains a height of 2—4 ft. Rosy purple flowers from June-July ----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>diptercarpum</i> . Flowers a charming shade of lilac mauve which is heightened by stamens and anthers of lemon yellow. 4 ft. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
— <i>polygonatum</i> . (Tall Meadow Rue). The flowers are in feathery clusters often a foot long. Each individual flower has numerous white filaments. June—Sept. We find the mist-like flowers on stems 3 ft. and up, according to height of surrounding growth. 3—10 ft. -----	.30	.75	2.00	
<b>Thymus serpyllum.</b> (Mother of Thyme or Creeping Thyme). These charming plants from the white mountains are a wonderful sight when they are literally covered with blossoms during June and July. Excellent as a ground cover for spring flowering bulbs.				
—R— <i>album</i> . Forms dense mats of dark green foliage and clouds of white flowers. 3—4 in. A fine creeper to run over rocks -----	.35	1.00	3.00	25.00
— <i>coccineum</i> . Similar to above with crimson scarlet flowers -----	.35	1.00	3.00	25.00
<b>Tiarella cordifolia.</b> (False Mitrewort or Foam Flower). An attractive little plant with very ornamental leaves remotely resembling the mountain maple. Feathery spikes of small white flowers. 6—12 in. --	.35	1.00	3.00	25.00
<b>Turtlehead.</b> See <i>Chelone</i> .				
<b>Tradescantia virginica.</b> (Spiderwort). Produces a succession of blue flowers all summer. 2 ft. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Trailing arbutus.</b> See <i>Epigea</i> .				
<b>Trillium grandiflorum.</b> (Wood Lily or Wake Robin).				

	Each	3	10	100
—RS—Probably the prettiest of the genus. 8—15 in. Large white flowers turning to lilac. Excellent for massing in shade or in groups among shrubbery. 1,000 for \$40 -----	.15	.40	1.00	6.00
—RS—nivale. A small white flowered variety. 3—4 in. -----	.20	.50	1.25	10.00
—RS—recurvatum. Flowers brown purple -----	.20	.50	1.25	10.00
<b>Trollius europeus.</b> (Globe Flower).				
—M—Free flowering plant, buttercup-like blossoms. 1—2 ft. May—Aug. -----	.75	2.00		
<b>Tunica saxifraga alba.</b> (White Tunica Flower).				
—R—A prettily tufted plant with white flowers produced all summer -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Twinberry.</b> See <i>Mitchella</i> .				
<b>Uvularia perfoliate.</b> (Wood Merry Bells).				
—RM—Its long pendant-shaped yellow flowers are slight- ly fragrant in May—June. 6—12 in. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Valeriana alba.</b> (Valerian Garden Heliotrope).				
—B—Showy heads of white flowers. June—July -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—B—rubra. Showy heads of old rose flowers. June—July -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Veronica amethystina.</b> (Royal Blue).				
—R—Beautiful spikes of gentian blue flowers. 10—15 in. Splendid for the border or rock garden -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—R—candida. White wooly plant, blue flowers. 1 ft. July—Aug. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—R—longifolia. (Blue Beach Speedwell). 2—3 ft., blue flowers. 1 ft. July—Aug. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—BC—subsessiles. (Clump Speedwell). 2 ft. July— Sept. Spikes completely covered with blue flowers. Fine for cutting -----	.35	1.00	3.00	25.00
—R—rupestris. A fine rock garden plant with thickly matted deep green foliage which is covered with bright blue flowers in June. 3—4 in. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—RB—spicata. (Spike Speedwell). 18 in. June—July. Dwarf, blue flowers -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—R—repens. (Creeping Speedwell). A very compact little rock plant or ground cover. 2—4 in. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
<b>Viola cornuta.</b> (Tufted Violet). These are some of the best edging plants for the hardy border and rockery. With proper care they will remain in full bloom all summer.				
—R—papilio. 1,000 for \$30 -----	.25	.50	4.00	
—R—blue perfection. Deep purplish blue -----	.25	.50	4.00	
—R—white perfection. -----	.25	.50	4.00	
—R—lutea. Golden yellow -----	.25	.50	4.00	
—R—bosniacca. Free blooming small deep crimson purple flowers all summer, a most desirable and lovely little violet, excellent for the rock garden and border. 4 in. -----	.50	1.00	8.00	
—graciles. Lord Nelson. Glowing violet purple. 6 in. A most charming new variety -----	1.00	2.00	12.00	
—R—G. Wermig. A new variety, forming clumps which are covered with rich violet blue flowers on long stems, the entire season -----	1.00	2.00	12.00	
—R—white -----	1.00	2.00	12.00	
—R—Jersey gem. Short bushy plant, blooming through- out the summer, having large fragrant flowers of rich pure violet. A distinct new variety -----	1.00	2.00	12.00	
<b>Viola odorata.</b> (Sweet Violet).				
—blanda. Sweet scented white violet -----	.20	.50	1.25	10.00

	Each	3	10	100
—M—cuculata. (Blue Violet). A beautiful variable species, deep purple to light blue. Blooms in the greatest profusion from early May to Aug. -----	.15	.40	1.00	8.00
—odorata. (Sweet English Violet). -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—palmata. (Early Blue Violet) -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—R—pedata. (Bird's Foot Violet). The flowers are blue violet or purple violet and have a bright orange center. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—bicolor. (Two-colored Bird's Foot Violet) -----	.35	.60	1.50	12.00
—pubescens. (Downy Yellow Violet) -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
—rugulosa. (White Wood Violet). Fine for ground cover under shrubs or for the children's garden. Blooms all summer -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
Wake Robin. See Trillium.				
Wall Flower. See Chieranthus.				
Waterlily. See Nymphaea.				
White Tunic Flower. See Tunica.				
Wild Strawberry. See Fragaria.				
Wild Meadow Lily. See Lillium.				
Wintergreen. See Gaultheria.				
Wood Betony. See Pedicularis.				
Wood Merry Bells. See Uvularia.				
Wood Sorrel. See Oxalis.				
Yarrow. See Achillea.				
Yucca filamentosa. (Adam's Needle).				
—R—Large rosettes of sword-like evergreen leaves and spikes of white flowers. There is nothing more striking and effective on the lawn or on dry banks and the rockery -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00

In addition to these listed we are in a position to supply almost any plants, wild or under cultivation. We are connected with collectors of native plants all over the United States. We will appreciate an opportunity to quote on your want list, small or large.

#### PEAT MOSS OR PULVERIZED PEAT

Practically the same as imported German or Holland peat moss except it is not dried or baled. We have acres of it on our land and use loads and loads of it as a mulch and to mix in soil for acid loving plants such as ferns, arbutus, bearberry, gentians, and many others.

It is an excellent mulch on heavy soil where it preserves moisture and prevents cracking of the soil. We offer this pulverized peat as it comes from the ground in sacks of about 100 pounds for \$1.50, or sacks with about 50 pounds for \$1.00.

## Ornamental Evergreens and Windbreaks

#### TWO OR MORE TIMES TRANSPLANTED

The grandeur of evergreens is unexcelled. When you know evergreens you feel in their presence the hush of the forest. Evergreens signifying permanency, defying time and the elements. In snowy winter it gives a comforting note of color in the bleak landscape. An evergreen is like an old friend where the stress of years, the strife of a lifetime only makes richer his noble character. A home surrounded by evergreens is like a man with many friends, they give shelter and comfort to man and beast, save fuel and feed during the cold winter if planted as a windbreak around farms and homes.



Our evergreen trees are transplanted and root pruned several times thereby attaining a root system that insures success in planting.

Prices on these specimen evergreens include balling and burlapping where indicated by B&B. The smaller sizes will be puddled and packed in damp moss. Boxing will be extra at cost. Prices in the first column are for selected specimens and the second column are for windbreak grade, somewhat lighter but good healthy plants not quite as perfect as the select grade.

**Quality**—We are located in Pine county, in the Evergreen timberbelt of Northern Minnesota, where soil and climatic conditions are ideal for a hardy and healthy development. Our seedlings are grown without artificial watering. We claim that we can and do grow a superior quality at a lower cost in Evergreens than any nursery located farther south.



Douglas Fir in Our Rock Garden.



Blue Spruce at Entrance to  
Ferndale Nursery.

Two or More Times Transplanted.

	Select Specimens Each	Windbreak Quality Each
<b>Abies balsamea. (Balsam Fir).</b>		
8—12 in. -----	\$ 0.50	\$0.40
12—18 in. -----	.75	.50
18—24 in., B&B -----	1.50	1.00
24—30 in., B&B -----	2.00	1.50
3—4 ft., B&B -----	3.00	
4—5 ft., B&B -----	4.00	
5—6 ft., B&B -----	5.00	
6—7 ft., B&B -----	6.00	
<b>Abies douglasie. (Douglas Fir).</b>		
12—18 in., B&B -----	1.50	1.00
18—24 in., B&B -----	2.50	1.50
2—3 ft., B&B -----	3.00	
3—4 ft., B&B -----	4.00	

	Select Specimens Each	Windbreak Quality Each
<b>American arbor vitae. (White Cedar).</b>		
8—12 in. -----	.50	.25
12—16 in. -----	.75	.35
16—20 in. -----	1.00	.50
20—24 in., B&B -----	1.50	1.00
24—30 in., B&B -----	2.50	1.25
30—36 in., B&B -----	3.00	1.50
36—42 in., B&B -----	3.50	2.00
42—48 in., B&B -----	4.50	3.00
4—5 ft., B&B -----	6.00	4.00
5—6 ft., B&B -----	8.00	5.00
6—7 ft., B&B -----	10.00	6.00
7—8 ft., B&B -----	12.00	7.00
8—9 ft., B&B -----	15.00	10.00
<b>American arbor vitae. (Globe).</b>		
12x12 in., B&B -----	2.00	
15x15 in., B&B -----	3.00	
18x18 in., B&B -----	4.00	
24x24 in., B&B -----	6.00	
30x30 in., B&B -----	8.00	
<b>American arbor vitae. (Golden).</b>		
12—18 in., B&B -----	2.50	
18—24 in., B&B -----	4.00	
24—30 in., B&B -----	5.00	
<b>American arbor vitae. (Pyramidalis).</b>		
12—16 in. -----	1.25	
16—20 in. -----	1.50	
20—24 in., B&B -----	2.00	
24—30 in., B&B -----	3.00	
30—36 in., B&B -----	4.00	
36—42 in., B&B -----	5.00	
42—50 in., B&B -----	6.00	
<b>American arbor vitae. (Siberica).</b>		
8—12 in. -----	1.50	
12—18 in. -----	2.50	
18—24 in. -----	3.50	
<b>Juniperus chinensis.</b>		
8—12 in. -----	1.25	
12—15 in., B&B -----	2.00	
<b>Juniperus prostrate.</b>		
6—8 in. -----	.75	
8—12 in. -----	1.25	
12—16 in. -----	2.00	
16—20 in., B&B -----	3.00	
<b>Juniperus pfitzeriana.</b>		
8—12 in. -----	1.50	
12—16 in., B&B -----	2.50	
16—20 in., B&B -----	4.00	
20—24 in., B&B -----	5.00	
24—30 in., B&B -----	6.50	
30—36 in., B&B -----	8.00	
36—48 in., B&B -----	10.00	
<b>Juniperus sabina.</b>		
8—12 in. -----	1.50	
12—16 in., B&B -----	2.25	
16—20 in., B&B -----	3.00	
20—24 in., B&B -----	4.00	
24—30 in., B&B -----	5.00	
36—40 in., B&B -----	6.00	

	Select Specimens Each	Windbreak Quality Each
<b>Juniperus scopulorum. (Silver Juniper).</b>		
8—10 in. -----	1.25	
10—12 in. -----	2.00	
12—18 in. -----	3.00	
<b>Juniperus suecica. (Swedish Juniper).</b>		
12—18 in. -----	2.50	
18—24 in., B&B -----	3.50	
24—30 in., B&B -----	5.00	
30—36 in., B&B -----	6.00	
<b>Juniperus virginiana. (Red Cedar).</b>		
8—12 in. -----	.75	
12—16 in. -----	1.00	
16—24 in. -----	2.00	
<b>Larix europea.</b>		
8—12 in. -----	.25	.15
12—18 in. -----	.30	.15
<b>Picea canadensis. (White Spruce).</b>		
8—12 in. -----	.20	.10
12—18 in. -----	.30	.15
18—24 in., B&B -----	.50	.25
24—36 in., B&B -----	2.00	1.00
3—4 ft., B&B -----	4.00	2.00
4—5 ft., B&B -----	5.00	2.50
5—6 ft., B&B -----	6.00	3.00
6—7 ft., B&B -----	7.00	3.50
<b>Picea canadensis albertina. (Black Hill Spruce).</b>		
10—12 in. -----	.75	.25
12—16 in., B&B -----	1.50	.50
16—20 in., B&B -----	3.00	1.00
20—24 in., B&B -----	5.00	2.00
<b>Picea excelsa. (Norway Spruce).</b>		
8—12 in. -----	.20	.10
12—16 in. -----	.30	.15
16—20 in. -----	.50	.25
20—24 in., B&B -----	1.00	.50
2—3 ft., B&B -----	2.00	1.00
3—4 ft., B&B -----	3.00	1.50
4—5 ft., B&B -----	4.00	2.00
5—6 ft., B&B -----	5.00	2.50
<b>Picea pungens. (Colorado Blue Spruce).</b>		
8—10 in. -----	.75	.50
10—12 in. -----	1.50	1.00
12—16 in., B&B -----	3.00	2.00
16—20 in., B&B -----	5.00	3.00
20—24 in., B&B -----	6.50	4.00
24—30 in., B&B -----	8.00	5.00
30—36 in., B&B -----	10.00	6.00
36—40 in., B&B -----	12.00	7.00
40—48 in., B&B -----	15.00	8.00
<b>Pinus banksiana. (Jack Pine).</b>		
12—18 in. -----	.30	.15
18—24 in. -----	.50	.25
2—3 ft. -----	1.00	.50
<b>Pinus mugho. (Mugho Pine).</b>		
6—8 in. -----	.75	.50
8—12 in. -----	1.50	1.00
12—16 in., B&B -----	3.00	2.00
16—20 in., B&B -----	4.00	3.00
<b>Pinus resinosa. (Norway Pine).</b>		
8—12 in. -----	.30	.15
12—18 in. -----	.40	.20



	Select Specimens Each	Windbreak Quality Each
18—24 in., B&B -----	.75	.50
24—30 in., B&B -----	1.50	.75
30—36 in., B&B -----	2.00	1.00
3—4 ft., B&B -----	3.00	1.50
4—5 ft., B&B -----	4.50	2.00
5—6 ft., B&B -----	6.00	3.00
6—7 ft., B&B -----	7.00	4.00
7—8 ft., B&B -----	8.00	5.00
<b>Pinus strobus. (White Pine).</b>		
24—30 in., B&B -----	3.00	2.00
30—36 in., B&B -----	4.00	2.50
36—42 in., B&B -----	5.00	3.00
42—48 in., B&B -----	6.00	4.00
4—5 ft. B&B -----	7.50	5.00
5—6 ft., B&B -----	9.00	6.00
6—7 ft., B&B -----	12.00	8.00
<b>Pinus sylvestris. (Scotch Pine).</b>		
12—16 in. -----	.50	.30
16—20 in. -----	.75	.40
20—24 in., B&B -----	1.00	.50
24—30 in., B&B -----	1.50	.75
30—36 in., B&B -----	2.00	1.00
3—4 ft., B&B -----	2.50	1.25
4—5 ft., B&B -----	4.50	2.25
5—6 ft., B&B -----	6.00	3.00
6—7 ft., B&B -----	7.00	4.00
<b>Taxus canadensis. (Yew).</b>		
12—18 in., B&B -----	2.50	
18—24 in., B&B -----	4.00	
24—30 in., B&B -----	6.00	
<b>Tsuga canadensis. (Canadian Hemlock).</b>		
6—8 in. -----	.75	
8—12 in. -----	1.25	
12—16 in., B&B -----	2.00	
16—20 in., B&B -----	3.00	

### WINDOW BOX EVERGREENS AND CHRISTMAS TREES

With the approach of winter the evergreens on the porch and window boxes give the home a homey and comfortable appearance.

We offer well rooted and well shaped plants that can be transplanted from the boxes into the garden or woodland the following spring.

**Sold only in September and October.**

Five each 8—12 in.—Norway Spruce, White Spruce, American Arbor Vitae, Scotch Pine.—20 in all for \$2.00.

Four each 12—16 in.—Norway Spruce, White Spruce, American Arbor Vitae, Scotch Pine.—16 in all for \$4.00.

	Each	Five
Christmas trees, Norway spruce, 12—16 in. -----	.30	1.25
Christmas trees, Norway spruce, 16—20 in. -----	.50	2.00
Christmas trees, Norway spruce, 20—24 in. -----	.75	3.50
Christmas trees, Norway spruce, 24—30 in. -----	1.00	4.50

# EVERGREENS

## ONCE TRANSPLANTED

Not less than ten sold. 25 at the 100 rate, and 500 and up at the hundred rate, less 10%.

	10	100
American arbor vitae, 6—8 in. -----	\$1.00	\$8.00
Abies balsamea, 4—6 in. -----	1.00	8.00
Abies douglasie, 4—6 in. -----	1.00	8.00
Picea canadensis. (White Spruce). 6—8 in. -----	1.00	6.00

	10	100
<i>Picea albertina</i> . (Black Hill Spruce). 6—8 in. ....	1.50	10.00
<i>Picea excelsa</i> . (Norway Spruce). 8—10 in. ....	1.00	8.00
<i>Picea pungens</i> . (Colorado Blue Spruce). 4—6 in. ....	1.50	12.00
<i>Pinus austriaca</i> . (Austrian Pine). 4—6 in. ....	1.00	8.00
<i>Pinus mughu</i> . 4—6 in. ....	1.00	8.00
<i>Pinus ponderosa</i> . 4—6 in. ....	1.00	8.00
<i>Pinus sylvestris</i> . 6—8 in. ....	1.00	6.00
<i>Tsuga canadensis</i> . (Hemlock). 4—6 in. ....	2.50	20.00



Seedlings—First from left Mughu Pine. Second, Scotch Pine. Third, Austrian Pine.

## Evergreen Seedlings

Not less than 25 of any one variety and size sold. 25 at the 100 rate. 250 at the 1,000 rate.

	100	1,000
American arbor vitae, 3yr. 3—4 in. ....	\$ 4.00	\$30.00
American arbor vitae. 4—6 in. ....	5.00	40.00
<i>Abies balsamea</i> , 2—4 in. ....	4.00	30.00
<i>Abies concolor</i> , 2—3 in. ....	6.00	50.00
<i>Abies douglasie</i> , 4—6 in. ....	6.00	50.00
<i>Abies frazeri</i> , 2 yr. ....	10.00	
<i>Abies homolopsis</i> , 2 yr. ....	8.00	
<i>Abies lasiocarpa</i> , 2 yr. ....	8.00	
<i>Abies nordmannia</i> , 2 yr. ....	8.00	
<i>Abies pectinata</i> , 2—4 in. ....	4.00	30.00
<i>Abies siberica</i> ....	10.00	50.00
<i>Biota orientalis</i> . (Oriental arbor vitae) ....	6.00	80.00
<i>Juniperus chinensis</i> , 2 yr. ....	10.00	60.00
<i>Juniperus communis prostrate</i> , 2 yr. ....	8.00	80.00
<i>Juniperis scopolorum</i> . (Silver Juniper). 2 yr. ....	10.00	
<i>Juniperus virginiana</i> , 1—3 in. ....	5.00	40.00
<i>Larix europea</i> , 1 yr. ....	3.00	20.00
<i>Picea canadensis</i> . (White Spruce). 4—6 in. ....	4.00	30.00
<i>Picea albertina</i> . (Black Hill Spruce). 2—3 in. ....	4.00	30.00
<i>Picea engelmanni</i> . (Engelman Spruce). 1 yr. ....	3.00	20.00
<i>Picea excelsa</i> . (Norway Spruce). 4—6 in. ....	3.00	20.00
<i>Picea excelsa borealis</i> . (Polar Spruce). 2 yr. ....	6.00	50.00
<i>Picea obovate</i> . (Siberian Spruce). 1 yr. ....	5.00	40.00
<i>Picea nigra</i> . (Black Spruce). 2 yr. ....	5.00	40.00
<i>Picea polita</i> . (Tiger Tail Spruce) ....	6.00	50.00
<i>Picea pungens</i> . (Colorado Blue Spruce). 4—6 in. ....	6.00	50.00
<i>Picea sitchensis</i> . 1 yr. ....	3.00	20.00
<i>Pinus austriaca nigra</i> . (Austrian Pine). 4—6 in. ....	4.00	30.00
<i>Pinus banksiana</i> . (Jack Pine) 1 yr. ....	2.40	16.00

	10	100
<i>Pinus densifolia</i> . (Japanese Red Pine). -----	6.00	50.00
<i>Pinus edules</i> . (Nut Pine, silver-blue). -----	10.00	90.00
<i>Pinus flexiles</i> . (Limber Pine) -----	7.00	60.00
<i>Pinus halepensis</i> . (Aleppo Pine) -----	10.00	90.00
<i>Pinus jeffrey</i> . (Black Pine) -----	12.00	
<i>Pinus koreansis</i> . (Korean Pine) -----	10.00	90.00
<i>Pinus maritima</i> . (Cluster Pine). -----	10.00	90.00
<i>Pinus montana</i> . (Mountain Pine) -----	4.00	30.00
<i>Pinus mugho</i> . (Mugho Pine). 2—4 in. -----	5.00	40.00
<i>Pinus ponderosa</i> . (Yellow Pine) 3—6 in. -----	4.00	25.00
<i>Pinus resinosa</i> . (Norway Pine). 2 yr. -----	3.00	20.00
<i>Pinus strobus</i> . (White Pine). 1 yr. -----	3.00	20.00
<i>Pinus sylvestris</i> . (Scotch Pine). 6—8 in. -----	3.00	20.00
<i>Thuya orientalis</i> . 1 yr. -----	10.00	90.00
<i>Tsuga canadensis</i> . (Hemlock). 3 yr. 2—4 in. -----	10.00	80.00
<i>Tsuga caroliniana</i> . (Carolina Hemlock). 3 yr. 2—4 in. -----	10.00	90.00

## Flowering Shrubs

	Each	3	10	100
<b>Barberis Japanese.</b>				
12—18 in. -----	.30	.75	2.00	15.00
18—24 in. -----	.50	1.25	3.50	30.00
24—30 in. -----	.75	2.00	5.00	40.00
<b>Birch cut leaf.</b> 4—5 ft. -----	2.00			
<b>Caragana.</b> (Siberian Pea Tree).				
18—24 in. -----	.25	.60	1.50	12.00
2—3 ft. -----	.30	.75	2.00	15.00
<b>Cornus siberica.</b> (Red Dogwood).				
18—24 in. -----	.50	1.00	3.00	
2—3 ft. -----	.75	2.00	5.00	
<b>Flowering Almond.</b>				
12—18 in. -----	.50	1.25		
18—24 in. -----	.75	2.00		
<b>Forsythia</b> -----	.50			
<b>Hydrangea aborescens gr.</b> 18—24 in. -----	.50	1.25	3.50	
— <i>pan. grandiflora</i> . 18—24 in. -----	.60	1.50	4.00	
<b>Lonicera tatarica.</b> (Honeysuckle).				
18—24 in. -----	.50	1.25	3.50	
3—4 ft. -----	.75	2.00	5.00	
<b>Philadelphus.</b> (Mock Orange).				
18—24 in. -----	.50	1.25	3.50	
2—3 ft. -----	.75	2.00	5.00	
<b>Lilac, white.</b> 18—24 in. -----	.75	2.00	5.00	
—purple. 18—24 in. -----	.50	1.25	3.50	
2—3 ft. -----	.75	2.00	5.00	
<b>Maple, silver.</b> 5—8 ft. -----	.25	.60	1.50	
<b>Ribis alpina.</b> 18—24 in. -----	.75	2.00	5.00	
<b>Salix caprii.</b> (Pussy Willow). 3—4 ft. -----	.75	2.00	5.00	
<b>Sambucus.</b> (Golden Elder). 2—3 ft. -----	.75	2.00	5.00	
<b>Sorbus aucuparia.</b> (Mountain Ash). 5—6 ft. -----	1.50	2.50		
<b>Spiraea anthony waterer.</b> 16—20 in. -----	.75	2.00	5.00	
— <i>billardi</i> . 24—30 in. -----	.50	1.25	3.50	
— <i>bumaldi</i> . 18—24 in. -----	.75	2.00	5.00	
— <i>callosa rubra</i> . 18—24 in. -----	.50	1.25	3.50	
— <i>douglasii</i> . 18—24 in. -----	.50	1.50	3.50	
— <i>Von Houttei</i> . (Bridal Wreath). 2—3 ft. -----	.50	1.25	3.50	
— <i>Von Houttei</i> , 3—4 ft. -----	.75	2.00	5.00	
<b>Symphoricarpa.</b> (Snowberry). 18—24 in. -----	.50	1.25	3.50	
—coralberry, red berry -----	.50	1.25	3.50	
<b>Viburnum.</b> (Highbush Cranberry). 18—24 in. -----	.75	2.00	5.00	
— <i>dentata</i> . (Arrowhead). 18—24 in. -----	.50	1.25	3.50	
—sterile. (Snowball). 18—24 in. -----	.75	2.00	5.00	
—sterile. (Snowball). 24—36 in. -----	1.00	2.75	8.00	
<b>Dorothy Perkins.</b> Climbing rose -----	.75	2.00		



# LATHAM RASPBERRY

The Latham Raspberry originated on the Minnesota State Fruit Breeding Farm. It is likely the best commercial red raspberry today. It is hardy even in northern Minnesota. The quality is excellent and a good shipper. Color, bright red. On a demonstration plot in Branford, Connecticut, in 1925, the Latham yielded 4776 quarts to the acre, in comparison with Herbert, St. Regis, and Cuthbert yielding a little better than 2000 quarts to the acre.

We have only a few thousand plants to spare this year. They are inspected and free from mosaic and other diseases.

We offer 25 for \$3.00, 100 for \$10.00, 1,000 for \$90.00 as long as they last.

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## The Home Garden Handbooks

**Rock Gardens.** By F. F. Rockwell. You can have a rock garden at small cost and great enjoyment to yourself if you use this splendid book. Its text and illustrations show how to pick the location, construct, use water features, and fertilize the soil. There are handy classified lists of plants to use, including bulbs and evergreens. Ill. \$1.00.

**Evergreens For The Small Place.** By F. F. Rockwell. How to secure just the right effect with dwarf and tall evergreens, pines, firs, spruces, junipers, cypresses, cedars, yews, etc. Classified lists suggest the types or varieties for special purposes. Illustrations make the book complete and practical. Ill. \$1.00.

**Shrubs.** By F. F. Rockwell. Shows you how to select and plan shrubby plantings. How to use various shrubs for flowers, foliage, fruits, and bark effects. How to plant, mulch, prune, and protect the plants from insects and diseases. Ill. \$1.00.

**Around The Year In The Garden.** By F. F. Rockwell. Starts with preparations in January and gives seasonable directions for caring for the garden each week until the annual cycle is complete with putting the garden to sleep for the winter. 350 pages. Ill. \$2.50.

**Flower Guide.** Wild Flowers East of the Rockies. By Chester A. Reed. With 320 flowers in colors. Cloth bound \$1.25. Imitation leather, \$1.50.

**Butterfly Guide.** By Chester Reed. Cloth bound, \$1.25. Imitation leather, \$1.50.

**How To Make Friends With Birds.** By Chester Reed. Cloth, \$1.25. Imitation leather, \$1.50.

**Flowers and Ferns in Their Haunts.** By Wright. Habits and identifying characteristics of the wild flowers and ferns are described for the benefit of the person who likes to study flowers and ferns in their native haunts. There are nearly sixty half-tone illustrations. 358 pages. Ill. \$2.00.

**Field Book of American Wild Flowers.** By F. Schuyler Mathews. A short description of their character and habits, a concise definition of their colors, and incidental references to the insects which assist in their fertilization. With 24 colored plates, reproductions of water color drawings by the author; and over 300 other illustrations from studies from nature by the author. New revised and enlarged edition, (4 $\frac{1}{4}$  x 7 inches), 610 pages, and full index, \$3.50.

We will send any of the above named books prepaid at the publisher's prices.

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Our springs come rather late compared with the conditions south. This is of great advantage to you as we can send you dormant plants when your season is quite advanced. While we have Fern roots in our storage cellar for winter shipment when Jack Frost reigns here and you already enjoy the sensation of spring, we can ship you our Ferns safely, and we can keep on shipping Ferns and Perennial and Wild Flowers up to July 1st.

FROM  
THE NATURAL HOME OF

# HARDY TREES WILD AND ROCK GARDEN PLANTS EVERGREENS

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